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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/082,414	02/26/2002	. Mark Edward Ball	AUS920010983US1	4655
7590 03/14/2005			EXAMINER	
Leslie A. Van Leeuwen			ZHOU, TING	
	siness Machines Corpor		 	
Intellectual Property Law Dept. Internal Zip 4054			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
11400 Burnet Road Austin, TX 78758			2173	
			DATE MAILED: 03/14/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/082,414	BALL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Ting Zhou	2173				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Ja	nuary 2005.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b)□ This	action is non-final.	·				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 21 January 2005 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the c Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

1. The amendment filed on 21 January 2005 have been received and entered. Claims 1-18 are pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kelts U.S. Publication 2001/0030667 and French-St.George et al. U.S. Patent 6,018,711.

Referring to claims 1, 7 and 13, Kelts teaches a computer controlled user interactive display system with a graphical user interface (Kelts: page 1, paragraph 0010), method and program comprising means for storing a plurality of application programs (storing a plurality of application programs such as media files, radio programs, applets, video games, etc. in the application database) (Kelts: column 4, paragraph 0060, page 10, paragraph 0107), a plurality of displayed objects, each representative of one of the application programs (displaying a plurality of symbols, or icons, on an interactive graphical map to represent the available programs or files) (Kelts: page 3, paragraphs 0047-0049 and page 5, paragraph 0067), means enabling a user to interactively select any of the displayed objects to thereby run the application program

represented by the object (map items such as icons can be selected to display real-time information regarding the program associated with the selected item) (Kelts: page 3, paragraph 0049 and page 4, paragraphs 0060-0061), and means associated with each of the objects for displaying a visual indicator (associating visual indicators, such as color, with the displayed icons; for example, different colored map items, or icons may indicate different types of programs) (Kelts: page 8, paragraphs 0088-0089). However, Kelts fails to explicitly teach means for tracking the rates of unrequested interruptions in the run of each of the application programs and displaying a visual indicator of the rate of unrequested interruption in the run of the application program represented by the object. French-St. George et al. teach a user interface that associates displayed objects with particular information (for example, associating the change in the rate of animation with the closing rate of a window) (French-St. George et al.: column 3. lines 14-16 and column 7, lines 9-21) similar to that of Kelts. In addition, French-St. George et al. further teach means for tracking the rates of unrequested interruptions in the runs of each of the application programs, and associating a visual indicator with the rate of unrequested interruptions in the run of the application program (monitoring and displaying, via the change in animation of a displayed object, the closing rate of an application window) (French-St. George et al.: column 7, lines 16-21). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Kelts and French-St. George et al. before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the graphical user interface for displaying an object representative of an application program of Kelts to include the tracking and display of the closing rate of application windows, as taught by French-St. George et al. One would have been motivated to make such a combination in order to draw users attention to a closing program by highlighting a particular

displayed object, allowing them to quickly realize and readily correct the errors; as a result, user feedback and control of the interface is improved.

Referring to claims 2, 8 and 14, French-St. George et al. teach the unrequested interruptions are closings in the runs of the application program (monitoring and displaying, via the change in animation of a displayed object, the closing rate of an application window) (column 7, lines 16-21).

Referring to claims 3, 9 and 15, Kelts teaches the displayed objects are icons (the map elements displayed on the interface are symbols, or icons, representing corresponding programs) (page 3, paragraphs 0048-0049).

Referring to claims 4, 10 and 16, Kelts teaches the visual indicator comprises a set of colors, each color in the set indicating a particular type, or categorization of displayed objects (the map items are displayed in a plurality of different colors, comprising a set of colors, such as red, green, etc.) (Kelts: page 8, paragraphs 0088-0089). French-St. George et al. teach a visual indicator indicating a closing rate of an application window (monitoring and displaying, via the change in animation of a displayed object, the closing rate of an application window) (French-St. George et al.: column 7, lines 16-21). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Kelts and French-St. George et al. before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the display of the visual indicator with a set of colors taught by Kelts to include the display of the closing rate of an application window of French-St. George et al., in order to obtain a display wherein the visual indicator comprises a set of colors, each color in the set indicating a rate level of the unrequested closing. One would have been motivated to make such a combination in order to draw users attention to a closing program by highlighting a

particular displayed object, allowing them to quickly realize and readily correct errors; as a result, user feedback and control of the interface is improved.

Referring to claims 5, 11 and 17, Kelts teaches the colored visual indicator is in the form of a band around the icon (for example, displaying flashing red arcs surrounding an active map item) (page 8, paragraph 0089).

Referring to claims 6, 12 and 18, Kelts teaches a plurality of the stored application programs represented by the icons are different versions of the same application program (the icons, or symbols displayed on the map can represent different versions of the same application programs, for example, different channels in a television or radio) (page 4, paragraphs 0060-0061 and page 5, paragraphs 0067-0068).

Response to Arguments

- 3. Applicant's arguments filed 21 January 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive:
- 4. The applicant argues that there is nothing in the French-St. George reference suggestive of the tracking of application program interruptions or the use of a visual indicator to illustrate the rate of such interruptions. The examiner respectfully disagrees. French-St. George teaches an animation, such as a visual icon that provides users with a graphical representation of the rate at which an application program, i.e. a recognition window, is closing via the rate of change of the animation, as recited in column 5, lines 1-19 and column 7, lines 16-22; in other words, the rate

of unrequested interruptions, or the rate of closing of a program window is determined and correspondingly represented by the rate of change of the animation of the visual icon. Therefore, the examiner respectfully contends that the French-St. George reference teaches tracking of application program interruptions and the use of a visual indicator to illustrate the rate of such interruptions.

- 5. As a further note, the applicant's proposed amendments filed on 28 January 2005, amending claim 1 by replacing the limitation "the rates of unrequested interruptions" with the limitation "crash rate" and canceling claim 2 has been received. However, the examiner cannot determined the patentability of the proposed amended claims without further search and/or consideration of the amended claims and since the **proposed** amendments are not submitted as formal amendments, the examiner has not searched or considered the proposed amendments to the claims at the present time.
- 6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ting Zhou whose telephone number is (571) 272-4058. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 7:00 am - 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca can be reached at (571) 272-4048. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-4058.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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